Chapter 19

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT*

Article I. In General

Sec. 19-1. Board of adjustment.

Article II. Municipal Planning Commission

Sec. 19-16. Created.
Sec. 19-17. Members.
Sec. 19-18. Officers, meetings and rules.
Sec. 19-19. Staff and finances.
Sec. 19-20. Powers.
Sec. 19-21. Service as zoning commission.
Secs. 19-22—19-49. Reserved.

Article III. Districts

Division 1. Generally

Secs. 19-50—19-64. Reserved.

Division 2. Historic District

Sec. 19-65. Commission established.
Sec. 19-66. Recommendation and appointment of members.
Sec. 19-67. Term; vacancies.
Sec. 19-68. Administration and committees.
Sec. 19-69. Rules, regulations and guidelines; meeting; reports; recommendations.
Sec. 19-70. Purpose.
Sec. 19-71. Definition of historic district.
Sec. 19-72. Procedures for application of certificate of appropriateness.
Sec. 19-73. Submission of plans to commission for exterior changes.
Sec. 19-74. Commission recommendation and action thereon.
Sec. 19-75. Appeals.
Sec. 19-76. Injunctions.
Sec. 19-77. Penalties.
Sec. 19-78. Stopping work commenced without permit.
Sec. 19-80. New construction.
Sec. 19-81. Standards for preservation, rehabilitation, restoration, and reconstruction.
Sec. 19-82. Fences.
Sec. 19-83. Floodlights.

*Cross references—Buildings, Ch. 6; drainage and flood control, Ch. 9; subdivisions, App. B; zoning, App. C.

CD19:1
VILLE PLATTE CODE

Sec. 19-84. Overhanging balconies.
Sec. 19-85. Signs.
Sec. 19-86. Aerials, antennas, etc. prohibited.
Sec. 19-87. Minimum maintenance requirements.
Sec. 19-88. Demolition by neglect.
Sec. 19-89. Mobile homes, mobile home parks, and portable buildings.
ARTICLE I. IN GENERAL

Sec. 19-1. Board of adjustment.

The mayor, with the advice and consent of the board of aldermen, shall appoint a board of adjustment which shall consist of five members, who shall be freeholders and qualified voters. The membership of the first board shall serve for one, two, three, four, and five years, respectively. Thereafter, members shall be appointed for terms of five years each. All members shall be removable for cause by the appointing authority upon written charges and after public hearings. Vacancies shall be filled by the appointing authority for the unexpired term of any member whose term becomes vacant. The board shall function in the manner and with the powers and duties set forth in R.S. 33:4727.

(Ord. of 6-12-72, § 7)

State law reference—Board of adjustment, R.S. 33:4727.


ARTICLE II. MUNICIPAL PLANNING COMMISSION

Sec. 19-16. Created.

There is hereby created a municipal planning commission.

(Ord. of 6-12-72, § 1)

State law reference—Power of city to create municipal planning commission, R.S. 33:102.

Sec. 19-17. Members.

(a) The municipal planning commission shall consist of seven members appointed by the mayor with the advice and consent of the board of aldermen.

(b) The members of the commission first appointed shall hold office for terms of one, two, three, four and five years, respectively; their successors shall be appointed for a term of five years from and after the expiration of the term of their predecessors in office. If a vacancy occurs otherwise than by an expiration of term, it shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term.

(c) The mayor may remove any member after public hearing, for inefficiency, neglect of duty or malfeasance.

(d) All members of the commission shall serve without compensation and shall hold no other public office.

(Ord. of 6-12-72, §§ 1, 2)

State law reference—Membership on municipal planning commission, R.S. 33:103.

Sec. 19-18. Officers, meetings and rules.

The municipal planning commission shall elect a chairman from its members and create and fill such other of its offices as it may determine. The term of chairman shall be one year,
§ 19-18

VILLE PLATTE CODE

with eligibility for re-election. The commission shall hold at least one regular meeting in each month. It shall adopt rules for transaction of business and shall keep a record of its resolutions, transactions, findings and determinations, which record shall be a public record.
(Ord. of 6-12-72, § 3)

State law reference—Similar provisions, R.S. 33:104.

Sec. 19-19. Staff and finances.

The municipal planning commission may appoint such employees as it may deem necessary for its work and may also contract with planning experts, engineers, architects, and other consultants for such services as they may require. The expenditures of the commission, exclusive of those made from funds received by gift, shall be within the amounts appropriated for that purpose by the mayor and board of aldermen.
(Ord. of 6-12-72, § 4)

State law reference—Similar provisions, R.S. 33:105.

Sec. 19-20. Powers.

The municipal planning commission shall exercise all of the powers and duties conferred by R.S. 33:101 through R.S. 33:119 inclusive.
(Ord. of 6-12-72, § 5)

Sec. 19-21. Service as zoning commission.

The municipal planning commission herein established shall serve as a municipal zoning commission, and when acting as such, it shall hold separate meetings with separate minutes and records. When acting as the municipal zoning commission, it shall exercise all of the powers and duties conferred by R.S. 33:4721 through R.S. 33:4729.
(Ord. of 6-12-72, § 6)

State law reference—Similar provisions, R.S. 33:4726.

Secs. 19-22—19-49. Reserved.

ARTICLE III. DISTRICTS

DIVISION 1. GENERALLY

Secs. 19-50—19-64. Reserved.

DIVISION 2. HISTORIC DISTRICT

Sec. 19-65. Commission established.

There is hereby created a commission to be known as the historic district commission of the City of Ville Platte.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 1)
Sec. 19-66. Recommendation and appointment of members.

The commission shall consist of five members, all of whom shall serve on a nonpaying volunteer basis, be residents of Ville Platte or members of the Ville Platte business community, and shall be appointed by the mayor. At least two members of the commission shall be owners or lessees of property within the historic district. Members shall be appointed by the mayor and appointed by a simple majority of the city council. Members may be removed for just cause.  
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 2)

Sec. 19-67. Term; vacancies.

Each of the members of the commission shall be appointed for a term of four years. Whenever the term of a member of the commission expires, the mayor shall appoint his successor. The members may serve consecutive terms. The first commission shall have staggered terms; one-fifth with one-year terms, two-fifths with two-year terms, one-fifth with three-year terms and one-fifth with four-year terms. All commission members shall have a demonstrated knowledge of or interest, competence, or expertise in historic preservation. The commission shall seek the advice, as needed, of professionals in the related disciplines of architecture, history, architectural history, or archaeology, etc. Before expending money on said advice, however, the commission shall have the authorization of the mayor for the spending of funds budgeted for the purpose.  
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 3)

Sec. 19-68. Administration and committees.

The Main Street director of the City of Ville Platte or, in the absence of same, the mayoral designee will serve as liaison between the commission and the office of the mayor. Nominal expenses necessary to carry out the duties of the commission will be budgeted through the aforementioned department. The members of the commission shall elect the chairman. The chairman will designate the recording secretary for the commission and the department will maintain all files, records, and minutes of the commission. The commission will designate and appoint, from among its members, various committees with such powers and duties as the commission may have and prescribe.  
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 4)

Sec. 19-69. Rules, regulations and guidelines; meeting; reports; recommendations.

The commission shall make such rules and regulations as it may deem advisable and necessary for the conduct of its administrative affairs not inconsistent with the laws of the city and state. The commission shall meet monthly immediately prior to the regular meeting of the city council, unless no application for a certificate of appropriateness has been submitted, in which event the commission may cancel its meeting; however, in such event, the Main Street director shall advise the council of such cancellation in writing or in person at the council meeting set for that day, and such cancellations are not expected to occur without cause for two consecutive months. In addition, meetings may be called at any time by the commission on the
written request of any of the commission members, or on the call of the chairman of the commission or the mayor. Copies of all rules, regulations, guidelines, and minutes shall be available at the historic district commission office and at the clerk's office at city hall.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 5)

Sec. 19-70. Purpose.

The City of Ville Platte Historic District Commission shall have for its purpose the preservation and stewardship of all structures in the designated historic district of the city. The commission shall have for its further purpose the guardianship of those areas and structures which have an architectural and historical value and which should be preserved for the benefit of the people of the city and state.

To wit, the goals of the Ville Platte Historic District are as follows:

(a) Protect, enhance and perpetuate resources which represent distinctive and significant elements of the city's historical, cultural, social, economic, political, archaeological, and architectural identity;

(b) Insure the harmonious, orderly, and efficient growth and development of the city;

(c) Strengthen civic pride and cultural stability through neighborhood conservation;

(d) Stabilize the economy of the city through the continued use, preservation, and revitalization of its resources;

(e) Protect and enhance of (sic) the city’s attractions to tourists and visitors and the support and stimulus to business and industry thereby provided;

(f) Promote the use of resources for the education, pleasure, and welfare of the people of the City of Ville Platte;

(g) Provide a review process for the preservation and appropriate development of the city's resources.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 6)

Sec. 19-71. Definition of historic district.

Subject to subsequent enlargement, the following are [areas] of the City of Ville Platte is [are] designated as the "Ville Platte Historic District":

Area 1. Beginning at the intersections of the centerlines of DeRouen Street and West Main Street, and of Court Street and West Main Street, proceed in an easterly direction across the railroad track(s) to the intersection of the centerline of the intersection of East Main Street and Chataignier Street, and including the lesser of 100 feet north and south of the Main Street right-of-way or the depth of any lot or tract adjacent thereto.

Area 2. Beginning at the intersection of the centerline of Main Street and Court Street, proceed in a southerly direction to the intersection of the centerline of Court Street and Cotton Street, and including the lesser of 100 feet east and west of the Court Street right-of-way or the depth of any lot or tract adjacent thereto.
Area 3. Beginning at the intersection of the centerline of Court Street and Magnolia Street, proceed westerly along Magnolia Street to the intersection of the centerline of Magnolia Street and Calcasieu Street, and including the lesser of 100 feet north and south of the Magnolia Street right-of-way or the depth of any lot or tract adjacent thereto.

Should any portion or part of a parcel of land fall within the above-described boundary of the historic district, then the whole of said portion or parcel of land shall be considered to be within the boundaries of the historic district.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 7)

Sec. 19-72. Procedures for application of certificate of appropriateness.

(a) Whenever any application for a certificate of appropriateness is filed with the appropriate code enforcement officer(s), the officer(s) shall immediately notify the Ville Platte Historic Commission that the application has been filed.

(b) The commission shall have the authority to determine when a filed application is complete and contains all required information. An application deemed incomplete by the commission shall not be considered to have been filed for the purposes of this article. The commission shall develop standard application forms and its written guidelines specify what information an applicant shall attach to each form.

(c) Members of the commission shall establish a regular schedule for the meetings of the commission as set forth above. One meeting shall be scheduled for each month unless no application for a certificate of appropriateness has been submitted. However, the commission has to meet at least once every quarter even if no applications for a certificate of appropriateness have been submitted.

(d) The applicant shall, upon request, will have the right to a preliminary conference with the commission staff, if applicable, or the chairman or vice-chairman for the purpose of learning whether changes or adjustments to the application could make it more consistent with the commission's standards.

(e) Not later than six days before the date set for the meeting to discuss the application, the chairman shall notify the applicant at the address in the application of the date set for the meeting.

(f) At the scheduled hearing, the applicant for a certificate of appropriateness shall have the right to present any relevant information pertaining to the application. Likewise, the city, the commission, and its staff, and members of the public shall have the right to present any additional relevant information pertaining to the application.

(g) The commission, at either a preliminary conference or hearing, shall have the right to recommend changes and modifications to enable the applicant to meet the requirement of the commission. If the commission chooses to do this at a preliminary conference after an application for a certificate of appropriateness has been filed, then the time during which the commission must render its decision, shall be extended by 30 days in order to permit the applicant to prepare any new drawings or other submissions which prove necessary.
§ 19-72  VILLE PLATTE CODE

(h) Within not more than 15 days after the hearing on an application, the commission shall act upon it, either approving, denying, or deferring action until the next meeting of the commission. Evidence of approval of the application should be by certificate of appropriateness issued by the commission, and whatever its decision, notice in writing shall be given to the applicant and the code enforcement officer.

(i) Failure by the commission to reach and render a decision within 45 days of the date of filing of the application with the commission shall be taken to constitute approval of the application by the commission, unless the applicant has requested that the commission delay its decision beyond the 45-day period otherwise required.

(j) The issuance of a certificate of appropriateness shall not relieve an applicant for a companion building permit, special use permit, variance, or other authorization from compliance with any other requirement or provision of the laws of the city concerning zoning, construction, repair, or demolition. In all such cases, applicants are encouraged to apply first for a certificate of appropriateness as other city agencies will be advised by the historic district commission in making their subsequent decisions.

(k) No building permit which affects a resource shall be issued by the code enforcement officer prior to the issuance of a certificate of appropriateness by the commission. Even if a building permit is not otherwise required by the city ordinances for construction, alteration, demolition, or relocation of any resource, a certificate of appropriateness from the commission is required for properties in the historic district.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 8)

Sec. 19-73. Submission of plans to commission for exterior changes.

(a) After the date of adoption of this article [May 13, 2003], the owner of any property within the historic district shall apply for a permit or certificate of appropriateness from the commission before the commencement of:

(1) The erection of any new building or other construction in the Ville Platte Historic District; or

(2) The alteration or addition to any existing structure in the Ville Platte Historic District; or

(3) The repairing or demolishing of any existing building situated within the Ville Platte Historic District.

(4) The relocation of any building into or out of the historic district.

(5) No certificate of appropriateness is required to paint any existing or future structure or building situated within the historic district.

(6) No certificate of appropriateness is required for fences, floodlights, overhanging balconies, signs, aerial antennas, or satellite dishes situated in the Ville Platte Historic District on or before the date of passage of the article.
(b) The application therefore shall be made to the code enforcement officer of the City of Ville Platte, or comparable position, accompanied by the full plans and specifications thereof so far as they relate to the proposed appearance, texture of materials and architectural design of the exterior, including the front, sides, rear and roof of such buildings, alterations or addition of any building or outbuilding, party wall, courtyard, sidewalk, driveway, parking area, fence or other dependency thereof. The code enforcement officer shall refer the permit request and accompanying information to the commission for its consideration.

(c) Where, by reason of topographical conditions, irregularly shaped lots, or because of unusual circumstances applicable solely to the particular applicant, strict enforcement of the provisions of this article would result in serious undue hardship peculiarly affecting said applicant, then the commission in passing upon his application shall have the power the vary or modify adherence to this article provided always that its requirements insure harmony with the general purposes hereof, and will not adversely affect the historic district as a whole.

(d) The commission shall deny a certificate of appropriateness if it finds that the proposed material changes in appearance would have substantial adverse effects on the aesthetic, historic, or architectural significance and value of the historic property or the historic district. The commission shall not grant certificates of appropriateness for demolition or relocation without reviewing at the same time the post-demolition or post-relocation plans for the site.

(e) The requirement of a certificate of appropriateness shall also apply to public property which has been designated as a historic property or which is contained in the historic district, and shall also apply to all actions by public authorities which involve historic properties and properties within the historic district.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 9)

Sec. 19-74. Commission recommendation and action thereon.

The City of Ville Platte Historic District Commission shall, upon due consideration, render its decision concerning the approval or disapproval of the issuance of the permit, which may include such changes, if any, as in its judgment are reasonable necessary to comply with the requirements of this article, and send its recommendation, in writing, to the applicant and the code enforcement officer. If the permit is approved, the code enforcement officer shall promptly issue a permit for such work in conformance with the commission’s decision. If the permit request is denied by the commission, the applicant shall have the right to apply in writing to the city council for reversal and modification thereof. If the commission modifies the permit and the applicant is aggrieved by the permit modifications, the applicant shall have a right to apply in writing to the city council for reversal and modification thereof.

In the case where an application [applicant] for a certificate of appropriateness is not receiving state or federal funds, neither this article, nor any amendment thereto, shall empower the historic district commission with the authority to issue or deny permits, or any
other authorizations to change or alter property; nor shall any other ordinance empower the commission to enact rules giving it the authority to require certain active steps to be taken by building owners to conform to any policy or guidelines, herewith or hereafter created.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 10)

Sec. 19-75. Appeals.

Any person or persons aggrieved by a decision, act or proceedings of the Ville Platte Historic District Commission shall have a right to apply in writing to the city council for reversal or modifications thereof; and the mayor, or presiding officer of the city council, shall have the right to stay all further action until city council shall have had an opportunity to rule thereon. Any such appeal shall be taken in ten days from date of the written decision, and the city council may consider said appeal at its next general or special meeting, but, in any event not more than 45 days thereafter. The city council may affirm a decision of the Ville Platte Historic District Commission by majority vote of all members. The city council shall have the right to reverse, change or modify any decision of the Ville Platte Historic District Commission by majority vote of all its members. Any person or persons aggrieved by any decision of the city council affecting said historic district shall have the right to file a civil suit within 30 days of a decision in a court of competent jurisdiction under the usual rules of procedure governing same, with the right to stay order and injunctive relief provided the situation warrants it.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 11)

Sec. 19-76. Injunctions.

Whenever any person has engaged in or is about to engage in any act or practice which constitutes or will constitute a violation of this article, the City of Ville Platte may make application to the appropriate court for an order enjoining such act or practice, or requiring such person to refrain from such prospective violation or to remedy such violation by restoring the affected property to its previous condition. Upon a showing by the commission or the city that such person has engaged in or is about to engage in such act or practice, a permanent or temporary injunction, temporary restraining order, or other appropriate order shall be granted without bond.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 12)

Sec. 19-77. Penalties.

Any owner, agent, lessee or other person acting for or in conjunction with him, who all [shall] violate the City of Ville Platte Historic District Ordinance or law or rules, regulations or decisions of the commission, shall be fined not less than $15.00 nor more than $500.00 per day for each infraction.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 13)

Sec. 19-78. Stopping work commenced without permit.

The code enforcement officer shall promptly stop any work attempted to be done without or contrary to a permit issued under this article and shall promptly prosecute any person...
responsible for such a violation of this article or engage in such violation. Any officer or authorized agent of the commission shall exercise concurrent or independent powers with the code enforcement officer prosecuting violations of this article and stopping work attempted to be done without or contrary to the permits reported by the article.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 14)


The provisions of this article shall govern and take precedence over any other provisions of any ordinance or codes of the City of Ville Platte.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 15)

Sec. 19-80. New construction.

Proposals for new construction in the City of Ville Platte Historic District should seek compatibility with existing structures through the appropriate use of site planning, materials, decorative details, architectural elements, and scale. A proposal should not draw unnecessary attention to itself in any one of these characteristics. However, a proposal should not duplicate or copy historic styles and periods. The architectural context is of primary concern.

(a) **Scale**—The relationship of the building and its elements (including doors and windows) to other structures in the district. It is important in considering scale that a careful study is made of the height, width, and mass of buildings in the immediate neighborhood and district as a whole. This study should serve to confirm or deny the appropriateness of the height, width, and mass of the proposed building. Maximum height of any new structure shall conform to the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties with Guidelines for Preserving, Rehabilitating, Restoring & Reconstructing Historic Buildings, a copy of which shall be made available at the Ville Platte branch of the Evangeline Parish Public Library. In no case shall a new structure exceed a height of 75 feet above the street unless approved by the historic district commission.

(b) **Siting**—The positioning of a building on a lot. This process includes determining the setback of a building, the spacing of the building from adjacent buildings, and the locations of the walls, fences, walks, drives, and landscaping, if any of these are used in the overall design.

(c) **Materials**—The surface building fabric, which contributes to the exterior character and appearance of a building.

(d) **Decorative details**—Ornamentation or embellishment. These include cornices, lintels, arches, balustrades, chimneys, shutters, columns, and other common details. When used, details should create a unifying effect on a building and should be compatible with the context of the neighborhood.

(e) **Architectural elements**—Parts of buildings that are integral to its composition. These include balconies, roofs, porches, chimneys, dormers, parapets, and other parts of a building that contribute to its overall shape and silhouette. The choice and arrange-
ment of elements of a proposed building should reflect those buildings in the neighborhood. The building should not draw unnecessary attention to itself by failing to relate to neighboring styles, but neither should it copy these styles. The object is to compliment the context of the City of Ville Platte Historic District. The City of Ville Platte Historic District Commission shall follow the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties with Guidelines for Preserving, Rehabilitating, Restoring & Reconstructing Historic Buildings in considering all proposals for new construction and/or rehabilitation.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 16)

Sec. 19-81. Standards for preservation, rehabilitation, restoration, and reconstruction.

(a) Standards for preservation.

(1) A property will be used as it was historically or be given a new use that maximizes the retention of distinctive materials, features, spaces, and spatial relationships. Where a treatment and use have not been identified, a property will be protected, and if necessary, stabilized until additional work may be undertaken.

(2) The historic character of a property will be retained and preserved. The replacement of intact or repairable historic materials or alteration of features, spaces, and spatial relationships that characterize a property will be avoided.

(3) Each property will be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Work needed to stabilize, consolidate, and conserve existing historic materials and features will be physically and visually compatible, identifiable, upon close inspection, and properly documented for future research.

(4) Changes to properties that have acquired historic significance in their own right will be retained and preserved.

(5) Distinctive materials, features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property will be preserved.

(6) The existing condition of historic features will be evaluated to determine the appropriate level of intervention needed. Where the severity of deterioration requires repair of limited replacement of a distinctive feature, the new material will match the old in composition, design, color, and texture.

(7) Chemical or physical treatments, when determined appropriate, will be undertaken using the greatest means possible. Treatments that cause damage to historical material will not be used.

(8) Archeological resources will be protected and preserved in place. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures will be undertaken.

When the property's distinctive materials, features, and spaces are essentially intact and thus convey the historic significance without extensive repair or replacement;
when depiction at a particular period of time is not appropriate; and when a continuing or new use does not require additions or extensive alterations, preservation must be considered as a treatment.

(b) Standards for rehabilitation.

(1) A property shall be used as it was historically or be given a new use that requires minimal change to its distinctive materials, features, spaces, and spatial relationships.

(2) The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of distinctive materials or alterations of features, spaces, and spatial relationships that characterize a property shall be avoided.

(3) Each property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or elements from other historic properties, shall not be undertaken.

(4) Changes to a property that has acquired historic significance in its own right shall be retained and preserved.

(5) Distinctive materials, features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property shall be preserved.

(6) Deteriorated historic features will be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature will match the old in design, color, texture, and where possible, materials. Replacement of missing features shall be substantiated by documentary and physical evidence.

(7) Chemical or physical treatments, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible. Treatment that cause damage to historic materials will not be used.

(8) Archeological resources will be protected and preserved in place. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures shall be undertaken.

(9) New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction will not destroy historic materials, features, and spatial relationships that characterize the property. The new work will be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the historic material, features, size, and proportion, and massing to protect the integrity of the property and its environment.

(10) New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that, if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpared.

When repair and replacement of deteriorated features is necessary; when alterations or additions to the property are planned for a new or continued use; and when it depiction at a particular period of time is not appropriate, rehabilitation must be considered as a treatment.
(c) **Standards for restoration.**

(1) A property shall be used as it was historically or be given a new use which reflects the property's restoration period.

(2) Materials and features from the restoration period shall be retained and preserved. The removal of materials or alteration of features, spaces, and spatial relationships that characterize the period shall not be undertaken.

(3) Each property will be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Work needed to stabilize, consolidate and conserve materials and features from the restoration period shall be physically and visually compatible, identifiable, upon close inspection, and properly documented for future research.

(4) Materials, features, spaces and finishes that characterize other historical periods shall be documented prior to their alteration or removal.

(5) Distinctive materials, features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize the restoration period shall be preserved.

(6) Deteriorated features from the restoration period shall be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature shall match the old in design, color, texture, and where possible, materials.

(7) Replacement of missing features from the restoration period shall be substantiated by documentary and physical evidence. A false sense of history shall not be created by adding conjectural features, features from other properties, or by combining features that never existed together historically.

(8) Chemical or physical treatments, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible. Treatments that cause damage to historic materials will not be used.

(9) Archeological resources affected by a project shall be protected and preserved in place. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures will be undertaken.

(10) Designs that were never executed historically shall not be constructed.

When the property's design, architectural, or historical significance during a particular period of time outweighs the potential loss of extant materials, features, spaces, and finishes that characterize other historical periods; when there is substantial physical and documentary evidence for the work; and when contemporary alterations and additions are not planned, restoration may be considered as a treatment. Prior to undertaking work, a particular period of time, i.e., the restoration period, should be selected and justified, and a documentation plan for restoration is developed.

(d) **Standards for reconstruction** shall be used to depict vanished or nonsurviving portions of a property when documentary and physical evidence is available to permit accurate reconstructions with minimal conjecture, and such reconstruction is essential to the public understanding of the property. Reconstruction of a landscape, building, structure, or object in
its historic location shall be preceded by a thorough archeological investigation to identify and evaluate those features and artifacts which are essential to an accurate reconstruction. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures shall be undertaken. Reconstruction shall include measures to preserve and remaining historic materials, features, and spatial relationships. Reconstruction shall be based on the accurate duplication of historic features and elements substantiated by documentary or physical evidence rather than on conjectural designs or the availability of different features from other historic properties. A reconstructed property shall recreate the appearance of the non-surviving historic properties in materials, design, color and texture. A reconstruction shall be clearly identified as a contemporary re-creation. Designs that were never executed historically shall not be constructed.

When a contemporary depiction is required to understand and interpret a property's historic value (including the re-creation of missing components in a historic district or site); when no other property with the same associative value has survived; and when sufficient historical documentation exists to ensure an accurate reproduction, reconstruction may be considered as a treatment.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 17)

Sec. 19-82. Fences.

Fence design must be in harmony with the nature of the district. The following fencing materials are not recommended: barbed wire, chain-link, concrete block, stockade, plywood, hardboard, or asbestos board.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 18)

Sec. 19-83. Floodlights.

The City of Ville Platte Historic District may be illuminated by privately controlled floodlights or other illumination as approved by the historic district commission or as permitted specifically by this article.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 19)

Sec. 19-84. Overhanging balconies.

No overhanging balconies or galleries may be removed, but new or additional balconies may be erected if they conform to the distinctive architecture of the historic district. The permit for all such new construction or any renovation shall be subject to the requirements of this division.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 20)

Sec. 19-85. Signs.

(a) Definitions.

(1) [Restrictions.] No portable signs may be erected or replaced within the Ville Platte Historical District after the date of adoption of this article.

CD19:15
(2) Display. Erect, paint, repaint, place, hand [hang], rehang, repair, maintain, paint directly upon a building or other structure, inlay, embed in or otherwise exhibit in public view.

(3) Banner. A motto, emblem, design, shape or symbol on cloth, plastic, canvas or devices of similar type or materials intended to convey a message or identification.

(b) Signs must conform to character of section. In addition to the prohibitions contained in its [this] section, approval of the display of a sign in the City of Ville Platte Historic District shall be granted by the commission only when such signs and the plans therefor, so far as they relate to the appearance, color, size, position, method of attachment, texture of materials and design, conform to the quaint and distinctive character of the City of Ville Platte Historic District and do not injuriously affect it or impair the value of the community of those buildings having architectural or historical worth.

(c) No signs to be displayed in certain places. No sign shall be displayed from the parapet or roofs of any buildings in the historic district. No sign shall be displayed in any manner whatsoever so as to conceal any significant architectural feature or detail of any building.

(d) What signs may advertise. No sign shall be displayed in the historic district unless such sign advertises a bona fide business conducted in or on the premises. This is exclusive of any pre-existing, historic "ghost" signs.

(e) Number of primary signs. In general, one primary sign is allowed to each store, shop, or bona fide place of business, and this sign shall be no larger than the maximum stipulated in this article. In the case of a business operated on a corner lot that faces two streets, one primary sign on each street facing is allowed and shall be regulated as if each side were a separate storefront. In the case of a single sign being inappropriate, multiple primary signs may be used, the total face area of which may not exceed the maximum size stipulated in this article.

(f) Surface area of signs. The surface area of any sign shall be in direct proportion to the amount of front footage of each ownership and shall be as follows:

For single-faced signs, attached flat against the wall and including painted wall signs, there shall be allowed 30 square inches of sign surface area to each foot of lot frontage. The exception for this rule is for decorative, noncommercial murals which also require a certificate of appropriateness from the historic district commission. For double-faced signs, suspended by brackets or arms perpendicularly from the wall of a building, the surface area shall be the sum of the area of each face not to exceed 30 square inches of sign surface area to each foot of lot frontage.

In the case of multiple businesses operating at a single location, the total face area of one and one-half times the maximum stipulated in this article.

(g) Secondary signs. In addition to the primary sign(s) referred to in subsection 19-85(e), small secondary signs may be used to identify the following:

Entrance doors;
Operating hours;

Temporary signs.

(h) **Temporary signs.** Temporary signs of promotional nature may be placed on the interior of store windows. A permit is not required for the placement of a temporary sign. Temporary signs may be placed on the exterior of a building for the following special situations: for the identity of real estate for sale and for political advertisement. Except for signs larger than two foot x two-foot yards signs, no application is required, but they must be removed when the election is over.

(i) **Portable and changeable letter signs.** No portable signs may be erected or replaced within the City of Ville Platte Historic District after the date of adoption of this article [May 13, 2003].

(j) **Illuminated signs.** Illuminated signs may be constructed or erected within the City of Ville Platte Historic District with the express approval of the historic district commission. Concealed lighting is recommended. Bulbs may not be exposed. The light should enhance the sign as well as the building on which it is mounted. Flashing of intermittent signs (exclusive of historic signs) are not permitted.

(k) **Signs no longer complying as to advertisement to be taken down.** Any sign displayed which no longer advertises a bona fide business (exclusive of historic or "ghost" signs) conducted upon the premises shall, upon notification by the City of Ville Platte Historic District Commission or its agent (who is hereby specifically authorized to so proceed) be taken down, removed, or obliterated within 15 days after such notification and failure to so comply on the part of the owner, occupant, agent, or any person having the beneficial use of any building or premises upon which such sign may be found shall subject such person to the penalty provided in section 19-77.

(l) **Building code applicable to signs.** All signs under this section shall be further governed by existing regulations of the building code of the city which are not conflict with sections.

(m) **Applications for signs to be submitted to commission.** All applications for permits to display signs within the historic district of the city shall be submitted to the code enforcement officer and then the historic district office for approval before a permit may be issued in conformity with section 19-73.

(n) **Form of application to display signs; accompanying drawings.** Application for a permit to display signs in the historic district of the city shall be made to the code enforcement officer. Such an application shall be accompanied by sketches and drawings in triplicate showing details of construction and foundation and shall delineate the size, shape, design, color of lighting and position in relation to the building from or upon which it shall be displayed.

(o) **[Restrictions.]** The hanging or stringing of banners or streamers, decoration, or signs, of any kind of material across any public street in the historic district is prohibited. Banners hung from poles or buildings, or other structures are not permitted in the historic district. Banners hung from clips from designated poles in the district must receive a certificate of appropriateness from the historic district commission before they may be hung.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 21)
Sec. 19-86. Aerials, antennas, etc. prohibited.

The placement of aerials, antennas or satellite dishes should be located as inconspicuously as possible.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 22)

Sec. 19-87. Minimum maintenance requirements.

In order to insure the protective maintenance of resources, the exterior features of such properties shall be maintained to meet the requirements of the city's minimum housing code and the city's building code.
(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 23)

Sec. 19-88. Demolition by neglect.

(a) Any resource which is a landmark and all resources within a preservation district shall be preserved by the owner or such other person or persons as may have the legal custody or control thereof against decay and deterioration and free from unreasonable structural defects. The owner or other person having legal custody and control thereof shall repair such resource if it is found to have one or more of the following defects:

(1) Deterioration to the extent that creates or permits a hazardous or unsafe condition as determined by city building inspector.

(2) Deterioration, as determined by the city building inspector, of a building characterized by one or more of the following:
   a. Those buildings which have parts thereof which are so attached that they may fall and injure persons or property.
   b. Deteriorated or inadequate foundations.
   c. Defective or deteriorated floor supports or floor supports insufficient to carry imposed loads with safety.
      1. Members of walls or other vertical supports that split, lean, list or buckle due to defective material, workmanship, or deterioration.
      2. Members of walls or other vertical supports that are insufficient to carry imposed loads with safety.
      3. Members of ceilings, roofs, ceiling and roof supports, or other horizontal members that sag, split, or buckle due to defective material, workmanship, or deterioration.
      4. Fireplaces or chimneys that list, bulge, or settle due to defective material, workmanship, or deterioration.
      5. Any fault, defect, or condition in the building which renders the same structurally unsafe or not properly water-tight.
§ 19-89

Mobile home space. A parcel of land for the placement of a mobile home and the exclusive use of its occupants.

Portable building. Any structure of metal or similar material moved onto the property to be built up on skids or placed or built on a concrete slab.

Temporary buildings. Structures intended for use of six months or less, such as construction offices on site.

(b) [Restrictions.] No additional mobile homes or mobile home parks shall be permitted or licensed within the historic district. Furthermore, there shall be no further expansions or additions to any existing mobile home park. Further, once a mobile home has been removed for failure to comply with city of Ville Platte Building Codes, that mobile home or its mobile home space shall not be replaced with another mobile home.

(c) [Compliance deadline.] Mobile homes or mobile home parks in existence within the historic district at the time this article is passed shall have six months from date of adoption [May 13, 2003] to comply with the existing city building codes used by the City of Ville Platte. (Refer to Chapter 17, Mobile Homes, City of Ville Platte Code of Ordinances.) Failure of a mobile home owner, mobile home renter, or mobile home park owner to comply with city building codes of Ville Platte within six (6) months from the date of adoption of this article [May 13, 2003] shall result in the creation of public nuisance which may be abated in legal proceedings which could result in declaration of a public nuisance and ordering compliance with these provisions or removal of mobile homes from the site.

(d) [Removal.] Any mobile home brought into the historic district shall, after date of adoption of this article [May 13, 2003], be removed by the owner at the owner's expense within 30 days of notification from the code enforcement officer. Furthermore, no utilities shall be provided by the City of Ville Platte to any mobile home moved into the historic district in violation of this section.

(e) [Portable and temporary buildings.] Portable buildings or temporary buildings for commercial use are only permitted within the historical district with a certificate of appropriateness from the historic district commission.

(f) [Compliance deadlines.] Portable or temporary buildings in existence within the historic district at the time this article is passed shall have six months from date of adoption [May 13, 2003] to comply with the existing city building codes used by the City of Ville Platte. Failure of an owner or renter to comply with the city building codes of Ville Platte within six months from the date of adoption of this article shall result in the creation of a public nuisance which may be abated in legal proceedings which could result in declaration of a public nuisance and ordering compliance with these provisions and removal of structures from the site.

(g) Dependent buildings must reflect the exterior materials of the main building on a property and be compatible to the architectural style of the area.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 25)

CD19:20
(b) If the commission makes a preliminary determination that a resource is being demolished by neglect, it shall direct the code enforcement officer to notify the owner(s) of the resource of this preliminary determination, stating the reasons therefore, and shall give the owner a record 30 days from the date of mailing, of such notice or the posting thereof on the property, whichever comes later, to commence work to correct the specific defects as determined by the commission.

1. By certified mail, restricted delivery, mailed to the last known address of the record owner(s) as listed on the city and/or parish tax rolls.

2. If the above mailing procedure is not successful, notice shall be posted in a conspicuous, protected place on the resource.

(c) If the owner(s) fail(s) to commence work within the time allotted as evidenced by a building permit, the commission shall notify the owner(s) in the manner provided above to appear at a public hearing before the commission at a date, time and place to be specified in said notice, which shall be mailed or posted at least 30 days before said hearing. For the purpose of insuring lawful notice, a hearing may be continued to a new date and time. The commission shall receive evidence on the issue of whether the subject resource shall be repaired and the owner(s) may present evidence in rebuttal thereto. If, after such hearing, the commission shall determine that the resource is being demolished by neglect, it may direct the code enforcement officer to take appropriate action, including the imposition of fines, against the owner(s) if the necessary repairs are not completed within 90 days of the determination by the commission that the subject building or structure is being demolished by neglect.

(Ord. of 5-13-03, § 24)

Sec. 19-89. Mobile homes, mobile home parks, and portable buildings.

(a) Definitions.

Dependent buildings. Separate structures, other than the main structure on a property, such as garages and workshops.

Mobile home, manufactured home, and manufactured housing. Structures, transportable in one or more sections which, in the traveling mode, are eight body feet or more in width or 30 body feet or more in length, or when erected on the site, are 240 or more square feet and which are built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities and include the plumbing, heating and air conditioning, ad electrical systems contained therein except that such term shall include any structure which meets all the requirements of this paragraph except the size requirements and with respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification required by the fire marshal. For purposes of this article, the terms "mobile home", "manufactured home", and "manufactured housing" may be used interchangeably.

Mobile home park. Any tract of land developed or used for the purpose of accommodating one or more mobile homes occupied for dwelling or sleeping purposes, or other uses, whether or not a charge is made for such accommodations.